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CHAPTER 3 – MISDEMEANORS

Article 1 - General Misdemeanors

SECTION 3-101: OBSTRUCTING AN OFFICER

It shall be unlawful for any person to use or threaten to use violence, force, physical interference, or obstacle to intentionally obstruct, impair or hinder the enforcement of the penal law or the preservation of the peace by a peace officer acting under color of his or her official authority. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §28-906)

SECTION 3-102: RESISTING OR FAILING TO ASSIST OFFICER

It shall be unlawful for any person in this city to hinder, obstruct or resist any police officer in making any arrest or performing any duty of his or her office or to refuse or neglect to assist any such officer when called upon by him or her in making any arrest or conveying a prisoner to jail. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §28-903, 28-904)

SECTION 3-103: IMPERSONATING OFFICER

It shall be unlawful for any person to falsely pretend to be a peace officer and perform any act in that pretended capacity. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §28-610)

SECTION 3-104: FALSE REPORTING

It shall be unlawful for any person to:

- A. Furnish material information he or she knows to be false to any peace officer or other official with the intent to instigate an investigation of an alleged criminal matter or impede the investigation of an actual criminal matter;
- B. Furnish information he or she knows to be false, alleging the existence of the need for the assistance of an emergency medical service or out-of-hospital emergency care provider or an emergency in which human life or property are in jeopardy, to any hospital, emergency medical service, or other person or governmental agency;
- C. Furnish any information or cause such information to be furnished or conveyed by electric, electronic, telephonic, or mechanical means, knowing the same to be false, concerning the need for assistance of a fire department or any personnel or equipment of such department;
 - D. Furnish any information he or she knows to be false concerning the location of

any explosive in any building or other property to any person;

E. Furnish material information he or she knows to be false to any governmental department or agency with the intent to instigate an investigation or to impede an ongoing investigation and which actually results in causing or impeding such investigation. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §28-907) (Am. by Ord. No. 626, 8/13/98)

SECTION 3-105: RESISTING ARREST WITHOUT THE USE OF A DEADLY OR DANGEROUS WEAPON

A. It shall be unlawful for any person to intentionally prevent or attempt to prevent a law enforcement officer, acting under color of his or her official authority, from effecting an arrest on said person or on another by (1) using or threatening to use physical force or violence against the said officer or another; (2) using any other means which creates a substantial risk of causing physical injury to the officer or another; or (3) employing means which require substantial force to overcome resistance to effecting the arrest; provided, this section shall apply only to those actions taken to resist arrest without the use of a deadly or dangerous weapon.

B. It is an affirmative defense to prosecution under this section if the officer involved was out of uniform and did not identify himself or herself as a law enforcement officer by showing his or her credentials to the person whose arrest is attempted. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §28-904)

SECTION 3-106: DISCHARGE OF FIREARMS

It shall be unlawful for any person, except an officer of the law in the performance of his or her official duty, to fire or discharge any gun or pistol within the city; provided, nothing herein shall be construed to apply to officially sanctioned public celebrations if the persons so discharging firearms have written permission from the City Council. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §17-556)

SECTION 3-107: DISCHARGE OF SLINGSHOTS, PAINTBALL GUNS, AIR RIFLES OR SIMILAR INSTRUMENTS

It shall be unlawful for any person to discharge a slingshot, paintball gun, air gun, or the like loaded with rock or other dangerous missiles at any time or under any circumstances within the city, with the exception that paintball markers may be discharged in a controlled paintball area, the operator of which (1) holds a city permit for the same and (2) agrees to administer the area in compliance with regulations set by resolution of the city. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §17-556) (Am. by Ord. No. 718, 8/10/06)

SECTION 3-108: STALKING

- A. Any person who willfully harasses another person or a family or household member of such person with the intent to injure, terrify, threaten, or intimidate commits the offense of stalking.
 - B. For purposes of this section, the following definitions shall apply:
 - 1. "Harass" means to engage in a knowing and willful course of conduct directed at a specific person which seriously terrifies, threatens, or intimi-

dates the person and which serves no legitimate purpose;

- "Course of conduct" means a pattern of conduct composed of a series of acts over a period of time, however short, evidencing a continuity of purpose, including a series of acts of following, detaining, restraining the personal liberty of or stalking the person or telephoning, contacting, or otherwise communicating with the person;
- 3. "Family or household member" means a spouse or former spouse of the victim, children of the victim, a person presently residing with the victim or who has resided with the victim in the past, a person who had a child in common with the victim, other persons related to the victim by consanguinity or affinity, or any person presently involved in a dating relationship with the victim or who has been involved in a dating relationship with the victim. For purposes of this subdivision, "dating relationship" means frequent, intimate associations primarily characterized by the expectation of affectional or sexual involvement but does not include a casual relationship or an ordinary association between persons in a business or social context;

(Neb. Rev. Stat. §28-311.02, 28-311.03, 28-311.04)

SECTION 3-109: CRIMINAL TRESPASS

It shall be unlawful for any person, knowing that he or she is not licensed or privileged to do so:

- A. To enter or secretly remain in any building or occupied structure, or any separately secured or occupied portion thereof; or
- B. To enter or remain in any place as to which notice against trespass is given by (1) actual communication to the actor; or (2) posting in a manner prescribed by law or reasonably likely to come to the attention of intruders; or (3) fencing or other enclosure manifestly designed to exclude intruders. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §28-520, 28-521)

SECTION 3-110: PUBLIC INDECENCY

It shall be unlawful for any person 18 years of age or over to perform, procure or assist any other person to perform in a public place and where the conduct may reasonably be expected to be viewed by members of the public:

- A. An act of sexual penetration as defined by Neb. Rev. Stat. §28-318(5);
- B. An exposure of the genitals of the body done with intent to affront or alarm any person; or
- C. A lewd fondling or caressing of the body of any other person of the same or opposite sex. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §28-806)

SECTION 3-111: WINDOW PEEPING

It shall be unlawful for any person to go upon the premises of another and look or peep

into any window, door or other opening in any building located thereon which is occupied as a place of abode.

SECTION 3-112: CRIMINAL MISCHIEF

It shall be unlawful for any person to damage property of another intentionally or recklessly, tamper with property of another intentionally or recklessly so as to endanger person or property or cause another to suffer pecuniary loss by deception or threat intentionally or maliciously, provided that the value of the property involved is under \$1,500.00. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §28-519)

SECTION 3-113: THEFT

It shall be unlawful for any person within the corporate limits to steal any money, goods, or chattels of any kind whatever. Any person who shall steal property of any kind, whether the same be property having a value of less than \$500.00, shall be deemed to be guilty of a misdemeanor. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §28-509 through 28-518)

SECTION 3-114: THREATS; ASSAULT IN THE THIRD DEGREE

It shall be unlawful for any person to intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly cause bod-ily injury to another person or threaten another in a menacing manner. It shall further be unlawful for any person to commit the above act in a fight or scuffle entered into by mutual consent. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §28-310)

SECTION 3-115: DISORDERLY CONDUCT

Any person who shall knowingly start a fight, fight, commit assault or battery, make unnecessary noise, or otherwise conduct himself in such a way as to breach the peace shall be deemed to be guilty of an offense. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §17-556)

SECTION 3-116: DISTURBING AN ASSEMBLY

It shall be unlawful for any person or persons to disturb, interrupt, or interfere with any lawful assembly of people, whether religious or otherwise, by loud and unnecessary noise, threatening behavior, or indecent and shocking behavior. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §17-556)

SECTION 3-117: DISTURBING THE PEACE

It shall be unlawful for any person to intentionally disturb the peace and quiet of any person, family or neighborhood. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §17-556, 28-1322)

SECTION 3-118: LOUD MUSIC, RECORDINGS, RADIOS AND SIMILAR DEVICES; EXCEPTIONS

It shall be unlawful for any person to operate any radio, tape player, compact disc player, stereophonic sound system or similar device which reproduces or amplifies radio broadcasts or musical recordings in or upon any street, alley or other public place in such a manner as to be audible to other persons more than 50 feet from the source. Persons operating such devices while participating in licensed or permitted activities, such as parades, shall not be deemed in violation of this section.

SECTION 3-119: MISREPRESENTATION BY MINOR

It shall be unlawful for any minor, as defined by Neb. Rev. Stat. §53-102, to obtain or attempt to obtain alcoholic liquor by misrepresentation of age or by any other method in any tavern or other place where alcoholic liquor is sold. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §53-180.01, 53-180.05)

SECTION 3-120: MINOR IN POSSESSION

It shall be unlawful for any minor, as defined by Neb. Rev. Stat. §53-102, to transport, knowingly possess or have under his or her control in any motor vehicle, beer or other alcoholic liquor on any public street, alley, roadway or property owned by the state or any subdivision thereof or any other place within the city limits. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §53-180.02, 53-180.05)

SECTION 3-121: CURFEW

It shall be unlawful for any minor under the age of 18 years to ride in or operate any vehicle in or upon any street, alley, or other public place or to loiter, wander, stroll, load, or play in or upon any of the streets, alleys or other public places between the hours of 11:00 p.m. and 6:00 a.m. of the following day, except Friday and Saturday when said hours shall be between 1:00 a.m. and 6:00 a.m., unless accompanied by a parent, guardian or other adult person having the legal care, custody or control of said minor, or the minor is engaged in lawful employment or is on an emergency errand; provided, when an activity of the kind normally attended by minors under 18 years terminates after or less than one hour prior to 11:00 p.m., the curfew shall commence one hour after the termination of such activity. (Ord. No. 554, 11/14/96)

SECTION 3-122: LITTERING

- A. Any person who deposits, throws, discards, scatters, or otherwise disposes of any litter, refuse, waste matter or other thing on any public or private property or in any waters commits the offense of littering unless (1) such property is an area designated by law for the disposal of such material and such person is authorized by the proper public authority to so use such property; or (2) the litter is placed in a receptacle or container installed on such property for such purpose.
- B. Whenever litter is thrown, deposited, dropped or dumped from any motor vehicle or watercraft in violation of this section, the operator of such motor vehicle or water craft commits the offense of littering.
- C. "Litter" as used in this section means all rubbish, refuse, waste material, garbage, trash, debris or other foreign substances, solid or liquid, of every form, size, kind and description, but does not include the wastes or primary processes of farming or manufacturing.

(Neb. Rev. Stat. §17-123.01, 28-523) (Ord. No. 414, 3/7/95)

SECTION 3-123: POSTING NOTICES

No person in the city shall fasten any poster or other advertising device in any way upon public or private property in the city unless legally authorized to do so.

SECTION 3-124: POSTED ADVERTISEMENTS

It shall be unlawful for any person to wrongfully and maliciously tear, deface, remove, or cover up the posted advertisement or bill of any person, firm, or corporation when said bill or advertisement is rightfully and lawfully posted and the same remains of value.

SECTION 3-125: APPLIANCES IN YARD

It shall be unlawful for any person to permit a refrigerator, icebox, freezer, or any other dangerous appliance to be in the open and accessible to children, whether on private or public property, unless he or she shall first remove all doors and make the same reasonably safe. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §18-1720)

SECTION 3-126: OBSTRUCTING WATER FLOW

It shall be unlawful for any person to stop or obstruct the passage of water in a street gutter, culvert, water pipe or hydrant.

SECTION 3-127: PROHIBITED FENCES

It shall be unlawful for any person to erect, or cause to be erected, and maintain any barbed wire or electric fence within the corporate limits where such fence abuts a public sidewalk, street or alley.

SECTION 3-128: POLICE ANIMALS

For purposes of this section, "police animal" means a horse or dog owned or controlled by the city for the purposes of assisting a police officer in the performance of his or her official enforcement duties. A person commits harassment of a police animal if he or she knowingly and intentionally teases, harasses, or attempts to injure a police animal in order to distract, agitate, or harm the animal. Any party found guilty of harassment of a police animal shall be subject to a fine of \$250.00 per incident of harassment. If the harassment results in physical harm or death of a police animal, the party shall be subject to the maximum fine allowed by law for municipal offenses for each 24-hour period during which the animal is disabled from duty or the matter may be referred to the county attorney for prosecution under state law as a Class IV misdemeanor or a Class IV felony. (Ord. No. 767, 4/14/11)

SECTION 3-129: THROWING FIRECRACKERS

It shall be unlawful for any person to throw any firecracker or any object which explodes upon contact with another object from or into a motor vehicle; onto any street, highway, or sidewalk; at or near any person; into any building; or into or at any group of persons. (Am. by Ord. No. 756, 5/13/10)

SECTION 3-130: PARKS; INJURY TO PROPERTY; LITTERING

It shall be unlawful for any person to maliciously or willfully cut down, injure, or destroy any tree, plant, or shrub; to injure or destroy any sodded or planted area; or injure or destroy any building, structure, equipment, fence, bench, table, or any other property of the city parks and recreational areas. No person shall commit any waste on or litter the

Article 2 – Dogs and Cats

SECTION 3-201: DEFINITIONS

"Animal control authority" shall mean an entity authorized to enforce the animal control laws of the city.

"Animal control officer" shall mean any individual employed, appointed or authorized by an animal control authority for the purpose of aiding in the enforcement of this act or any other law or ordinance relating to the licensing of animals, control of animals or seizure and impoundment of animals and shall include any state or local law enforcement or other employee whose duties in whole or in part include assignments that involve the seizure and impoundment of any animal.

"Owner" shall mean any person, firm, corporation, organization, political subdivision or department possessing, harboring, keeping or having control or custody of a dog; and specifically in reference to a collarless dog, every person who shall harbor such a dog about his or her premises for the space of ten days shall be held to be the owner. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §54-606, 71-4401) (Am. by Ord. No. 571, 5/8/97)

SECTION 3-202: RABIES VACCINATION

Every dog or cat shall be vaccinated against rabies pursuant to Nebraska law. Unvaccinated dogs or cats acquired or moved into the city must be vaccinated within 30 days after purchase unless under the age for initial vaccination. The provisions of this ordinance with respect to vaccination shall not apply to any dogs or cats owned by a person temporarily residing within this city for fewer than 30 days, any dog or cat brought into this city for show purposes, or any dog brought into this city for hunting purposes for a period of fewer than 30 days; such dogs or cats shall be kept under the strict supervision of the owner. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §71-4402)

SECTION 3-203: RABIES CERTIFICATE; LICENSING; FEE

A. Any person who shall own, keep, or harbor a dog or cat over the age of six months within the city shall within 30 days after acquisition of the said animal acquire a license for each animal annually by or before May 1 each year. Application shall be made upon a printed form provided by the city, upon which the owner shall state his or her name and address and the name, breed, color and sex of each dog or cat owned and kept by him or her. A certificate stating that the animal has had a rabies shot, effective for the ensuing year of the license, shall be presented when the license is applied for and no license or tag shall be issued until the certificate is shown. If the dog or cat has been spayed or neutered, a statement signed by a veterinarian verifying the spaying or neutering must be presented.

B. Upon payment of the license fee as set by resolution of the City Council, the city clerk shall issue to the owner a license certificate and a metallic tag for each animal so licensed. The city shall, in addition to the license tax imposed, collect from the licensee a fee of \$1. The clerk shall retain three cents from the said fee and remit the balance to the state treasurer for credit to the Commercial Dog and Cat Operator Inspec-

tion Program Cash Fund. The three cents collected shall be credited to the general fund.

- C. The said dog or cat tax shall be delinquent from and after May 10; provided, the possessor of any dog or cat brought into or harbored within the corporate limits subsequent to May 1 shall be liable for the payment of the animal tax levied herein and such tax shall be delinquent if not paid within 10 days thereafter. It shall be the duty of the city clerk to issue tags of a suitable design that are different in appearance each year.
- D. The metallic tag shall be properly attached to the collar or harness of every dog or cat so licensed and shall entitle the owner to keep or harbor the said animal until April 30 of the following year. Said licenses shall not be transferable and no refund will be allowed in case of death, sale, or other disposition of the licensed dog or cat.
- E. Every service animal shall be licensed but no license tax shall be charged. Upon the retirement or discontinuance of the animal as a service animal, the owner of the animal shall be liable for the payment of a license tax as prescribed herein. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §17-526, 54-603) (Ord. No. 473, 1/5/99) (Am. by Ord. No. 571, 5/8/97)

SECTION 3-204: SERVICE DOG; VIOLENCE ON; INTERFERENCE WITH

- A. A person commits the offense of violence on a service dog when he or she (1) intentionally injures, harasses, or threatens to injure or harass or (2) attempts to intentionally injure, harass, or threaten a dog that he or she knows or has reason to believe is a guide dog for a blind or visually impaired person, a hearing aid dog for a deaf or hearing-impaired person, or a service dog for a physically limited person.
- B. A person commits the offense of interference with a service dog when he or she (1) intentionally impedes, interferes, or threatens to impede or interfere or (2) attempts to intentionally impede, interfere, or threaten to impede or interfere with a dog that he or she knows or has reason to believe is a guide dog for a blind or visually impaired person, a hearing aid dog for a deaf or hearing-impaired person, or a service dog for a physically limited person.
- C. Evidence that the defendant initiated or continued conduct toward a dog as described in subsection (A) or (B) of this section after being requested to avoid or discontinue such conduct by the blind, visually impaired, deaf, hearing-impaired, or physically limited person being served or assisted by such dog shall create a rebuttable presumption that the conduct of the defendant was initiated or continued intentionally.

D. For purposes of this section:

- "Blind person" means a person with totally impaired vision or with vision, with or without correction, which is so severely impaired that the primary means of receiving information is through other sensory input, including but not limited to Braille, mechanical reproduction, synthesized speech, or readers;
- 2. "Deaf person" means a person with totally impaired hearing or with hearing, with or without amplification, which is so severely impaired that the primary means of receiving spoken language is through other sensory input, includ-

ing but not limited to lip reading, sign language, finger spelling, or reading;

- "Hearing-impaired person" means a person who is unable to hear air conduction thresholds at an average of 40 decibels or greater in the person's better ear;
- 4. "Physically limited person" means a person having limited ambulatory abilities, including but not limited to having a permanent impairment or condition that requires the person to use a wheelchair or to walk with difficulty or insecurity to the extent that the person is insecure or exposed to danger; and
- 5. "Visually impaired person" means a person having a visual acuity of 20/200 or less in the person's better eye with correction or having a limitation to the person's field of vision so that the widest diameter of the visual field subtends an angular distance not greater than 20°.

(Neb. Rev. Stat. §28-1009.01) (Ord. No. 625, 8/13/98)

SECTION 3-205: LIMITATION ON NUMBER ALLOWED

It shall be unlawful and a public nuisance for any person to own, keep harbor or maintain more than three dogs over the age of six months or three cats over the age of six months at any place in the city. (Ord. No. 537, 11/2/04)

SECTION 3-206: LOST TAG

In the event that a licensing tag is lost and upon satisfactory evidence that the original tag was issued in accordance with the provisions herein, the city clerk shall issue a duplicate or new tag for the balance of the year for which the license tax has been paid and shall charge and collect a fee set by resolution of the City Council for each duplicate tag so issued. Such resolution shall be placed on file in the office of the city clerk for public inspection. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §17-526, 54-603)

SECTION 3-207: WRONGFUL LICENSING

It shall be unlawful for the owner, keeper, or harborer of any dog or cat to permit or allow such dog or cat to wear any license, metallic tag or other city identification than that issued by the city clerk nor shall the owner, keeper, or harborer wrongfully and knowingly license an unspayed female dog or cat with a license prescribed for a male or spayed female dog or cat. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §17-526) (Ord. No. 571, 5/8/97)

SECTION 3-208: REMOVAL OF LICENSE TAGS

It shall be unlawful for any person to remove or cause to be removed the collar, harness, or metallic tag from any licensed dog or cat without the consent of the owner, keeper, or possessor thereof. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §17-526) (Am. by Ord. No. 571, 5/8/97)

SECTION 3-209: COLLAR AND NAME TAG REQUIRED

It shall be the duty of every owner of any dog or cat to securely place upon the neck of such animal a good and sufficient collar with a metallic plate attached thereon which shall be plainly inscribed with the name of such owner. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §54-605)

SECTION 3-210: RUNNING AT LARGE; FINES

A. It shall be unlawful for the owner of any dog or cat to allow such dog or cat to run at large at any time within the corporate limits of the city. It shall be the duty of the animal control authority to cause any dog or cat found to be running at large within the city to be taken up and impounded. "Running at large" shall mean a dog or cat was found off the premises of the owner and not under control of the owner or a responsible person by leash, cord, chain, wire, rope, cage or other suitable means of physical restraint.

B. In the event that a citation is issued for any dogs or cats running at large, in lieu of the filing of charges in the County Court, the city police may designate on the citation the fine and cutoff date for settlement and turn the citation over to the office of the city clerk. If the fine is paid according to the requirements set out in the citation, no further action shall be taken. If the fine is not paid within the time set out in the citation, then the citation shall be forwarded to the city attorney for filing in Knox County Court. For purposes of this section, the fine shall be as set by the City Council by resolution and placed on file in the office of the city clerk for public inspection.

C. For purposes of this section, the cutoff date for the payment of said fine and the avoidance of formal proceedings shall be seven days from the date the citation was issued

(Neb. Rev. Stat. §17-526, 54-607) (Am. by Ord. Nos. 571, 5/8/97; 719, 7/13/06)

SECTION 3-211: DAMAGE; LIABILITY OF OWNER

It shall be unlawful for any person to allow a dog or cat owned, kept, or harbored by him or her or under his or her charge or control to injure or destroy any real or personal property of any description belonging to another person. The owner or possessor of any such dog or cat, in addition to the usual judgment upon conviction, may be made to be liable to the persons so injured in an amount equal to the value of the damage so sustained. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §18-1720, 54-601, 54-602) (Am. by Ord. No. 571, 5/8/97)

SECTION 3-212: BARKING AND OFFENSIVE DOGS

It shall be unlawful for any person to own, keep, or harbor any dog or cat which by loud, continued, or frequent barking, howling, or yelping shall annoy or disturb any neighborhood or person or which habitually barks at or chases pedestrians, drivers, or owners of horses or vehicles while they are on any public sidewalks, streets, or alleys in the city. Upon the written complaint of one person filed with the city clerk, that any dog or cat owned by the person named in the complaint is an annoyance or disturbance or otherwise violates the provisions of this section, the animal control officer shall investigate the complaint and, if in his or her opinion the situation warrants, shall notify the owner to silence and restrain such dog or cat. The provisions of this section shall not be construed to apply to the city animal shelter. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §17-526) (Am. by Ord. No. 571, 5/8/97)

SECTION 3-213: FEMALE IN SEASON

It is hereby declared unlawful for the owner, keeper, or harborer of a female dog or cat to permit her to run at large within the city while in season. Any such female dog or cat found running at large in violation of this section shall be declared to be a public nuisance and as such may be impounded or killed according to the provisions herein. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §17-526)

SECTION 3-214: FIGHTING DOGS

It shall be unlawful for any person, by agreement or otherwise, to set dogs to fighting or by any gesture or word to encourage the same to fight. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §17-526)

SECTION 3-215: RABIES PROCLAMATION

It shall be the duty of the City Council, whenever in its opinion the danger to the public safety from rabid animals is great or imminent, to issue a proclamation ordering all persons owning, keeping, or harboring any dog or cat to muzzle the same or to confine it for a period of not less than 30 days or more than 90 days from the date of such proclamation or until such danger is past. The dog or cat may be harbored by any good and sufficient means in a house, garage, or yard on the premises wherein the owner may reside. Upon issuance of the proclamation, it shall be the duty of all persons owning, keeping, or harboring any dog or cat to confine the same as herein provided. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §17-526) (Am. by Ord. No. 571, 5/8/97)

SECTION 3-216: RABIES SUSPECTED; IMPOUNDMENT

Any dog or cat suspected of being afflicted with rabies or any dog or cat not vaccinated in accordance with the provisions of this article which has bitten any person and caused an abrasion of the skin shall be seized and impounded under the supervision of the Board of Health for a period of no fewer than ten days. If, upon examination by a veterinarian, the dog or cat has no clinical signs of rabies at the end of such impoundment, it may be released to the owner or, in the case of an unlicensed dog or cat, it shall be disposed of in accordance with the provisions herein. If the owner of the said dog or cat has proof of vaccination, it shall be confined by the owner or some other responsible person for a period of at least ten days, at which time the dog or cat shall be examined by a licensed veterinarian. If no signs of rabies are observed, the dog or cat may be released from confinement. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §71-4406) (Am. by Ord. No. 571, 5/8/97)

SECTION 3-217: VICIOUS DOGS AND CATS

It shall be unlawful for any person to own, keep, or harbor any dog or cat of a dangerous or ferocious disposition that habitually snaps or manifests a disposition to bite, unless the said dog or cat is being securely held by a chain. If any vicious or dangerous dog or cat is allowed to run at large, the city police shall have the authority to put the dog or cat to death. Upon the written complaint of two or more affected persons from different households that any dog or cat owned by the person named in the complaint is committing injury to persons or property or is an annoyance, dangerous, offensive or unhealthy, filed with the city clerk's office in any 30-day period, the mayor shall investigate the complaint and if in his or her opinion the situation warrants, shall notify the owner to restrain such dog or cat from running at large and keep such animal upon the premises of the owner, even though the license has been paid. (Am. by Ord. No. 571, 5/8/97)

SECTION 3-218: DANGEROUS DOGS; DEFINITIONS

"Dangerous dog" shall mean any dog that, according to the records of the animal control

authority:

- A. Has killed or inflicted injury on a human being of public or private property:
- B. Has killed a domestic animal without provocation; or
- C. Has been previously determined to be a potentially dangerous dog by an animal control authority and the owner has received notice of such determination; and such dog again aggressively bites, attacks, or endangers the safety of humans or domestic animals.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, a dog shall not be defined as a dangerous dog:

- A. If the threat, any injury that is not a severe injury, or the damage was sustained by a person who (1) at the time was committing a willful trespass as defined in state statutes or any other tort upon the property of the owner of the dog; (2) at the time was tormenting, abusing or assaulting the dog; (3) has in the past been observed or reported to have tormented or assaulted the dog; or (4) at the time was committing or attempting to commit a crime; or
- B. If the dog is a trained dog assisting an officer engaged in law enforcement duties.

"Medical treatment" means treatment administered by a physician or other licensed health care professional that results in sutures or surgery or treatment for one or more broken bones.

(Neb. Rev. Stat. §54-617) (Ord. No. 572, 6/12/97)

SECTION 3-219: DANGEROUS DOGS; CONFINED; WARNING SIGN

While unattended on the owner's property, a dangerous dog shall be securely confined in a humane manner indoors or in a securely enclosed and locked pen or structure suitably designed to prevent the entry of young children and to prevent the dog from escaping. The pen or structure shall have secure sides and a secure top. If the pen or structure has no bottom secured to the sides, the sides shall be embedded into the ground. The pen or structure shall also protect the dog from the elements. The owner of a dangerous dog shall post a warning sign on the property where the dog is kept that is clearly visible and that informs persons that a dangerous dog is on the property. Each warning sign shall be no less than 10 inches by 12 inches and shall contain the words "Warning" and "Dangerous Animal" in high-contrast lettering at least 3 inches high on a black background. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §54-619) (Ord. No. 572, 6/12/97)

SECTION 3-220: DANGEROUS DOGS; RESTRAINED

No owner of a dangerous dog shall permit the dog to go beyond the property of the owner unless the animal is restrained securely by a chain or leash. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §54-618) (Ord. No. 572, 6/12/97)

[&]quot;Domestic animal" shall mean a cat, a dog, or livestock.

SECTION 3-221: DANGEROUS DOGS; FAILURE TO COMPLY

Any dangerous dog may be immediately confiscated by an animal control officer if the owner is in violation of this article. The owner shall be responsible for the reasonable costs incurred by the animal control authority for the care of a dangerous dog confiscated by an animal control officer or for the destruction of any dangerous dog if the action by the animal control authority is pursuant to law and if the owner violated this article. In addition to any other penalty, a court may order the animal control authority to dispose of a dangerous dog in an expeditious and humane manner. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §54-620) (Ord. No. 572, 6/12/97)

SECTION 3-222: DANGEROUS DOGS; VIOLATION; PRIOR CONVICTION

If a dangerous dog belonging to an owner with a prior conviction under this section attacks or bites a person or another domestic animal, the owner shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. In addition, the dangerous dog shall be immediately confiscated by an animal control authority, placed in quarantine for the proper length of time, and thereafter destroyed in an expeditious and humane manner. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §54-624)

SECTION 3-223: DANGEROUS DOGS; ADDITIONAL REGULATIONS

Nothing in this article shall be construed to restrict or prohibit the City Council from establishing and enforcing laws or ordinances at least as stringent as the provisions of this article. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §54-624)

SECTION 3-224: IMPOUNDMENT

- A. It shall be the duty of the city police to capture, secure and remove in a humane manner to the city animal shelter any dog violating any of the provisions of this article. The dogs so impounded shall be treated in a humane manner and shall be provided with a sufficient supply of food and fresh water each day. Each impounded dog shall be kept and maintained at the pound for a period of 24 hours after public notice has been given unless reclaimed earlier by the owner.
- B. Notice of impoundment of all animals, including any significant marks or identification, shall be posted at the office of the city clerk within 24 hours after impoundment as public notification of such impoundment. Any dog may be reclaimed by its owner during the period of impoundment by payment of a general impoundment fee and daily board fee as set by the animal shelter/veterinary clinic. The owner shall then be required to comply with the licensing and rabies vaccination requirements within 72 hours after release. Any dog may be reclaimed by its owner during the period of impoundment by payment of the costs of impoundment.
- C. If the dog is not claimed at the end of the required waiting period after public notice has been given, the city police may dispose of the dog in accordance with the applicable rules and regulations pertaining to the same; provided, if a suitable home, in the judgment of the city police, can be found for any such dog within the city, the said dog shall be turned over to that person and the new owner shall then be required to pay all fees and meet all licensing and vaccinating requirements provided in this article.
- D. The city shall acquire legal title to any unlicensed dog impounded in the shelter for a period longer than the required waiting period after giving notice. All dogs shall

be destroyed in the summary and humane manner as prescribed by the Board of Health unless a suitable home can be found for such dog as provided in subsection (C) above. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §17-548, 71-4408)

SECTION 3-225: INTERFERENCE WITH ANIMAL CONTROL

It shall be unlawful for any person to hinder, delay or interfere with any animal control officer who is performing any duty enjoined upon him or her by the provisions of this article or to break open or in any manner directly or indirectly aid, counsel, or advise breaking into the animal shelter or any vehicle used for the collecting or conveying of dogs to the shelter. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §28-906) (Am. by Ord. No. 571, 5/8/97)

SECTION 3-226: LEGAL DESTRUCTION

Any person who owns, harbors, or in any way sustains a dog or cat that he or she wishes to be destroyed may take the same to the animal shelter to be destroyed and disposed of according to the provisions herein. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §17-526) (Am. by Ord. No. 571, 5/8/97)

Article 3 – Animals Generally

SECTION 3-301: WILD ANIMALS

No wild animals may be kept within the corporate limits except such animals kept for exhibition purposes by circuses and educational institutions. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §17-123, 17-207)

SECTION 3-302: RUNNING AT LARGE

A. It shall be unlawful for the owner, keeper, or harborer of any animal or any person having the charge, custody, or control thereof to permit a horse, mule, cow, sheep, goat, swine, or other animal to run at large on any of the public ways and property or upon the property of another or to be tethered or staked out in such a manner so as to allow such animal to reach or pass into any public way.

B. It shall be unlawful for any person to allow poultry, chickens, turkeys, geese, or any other fowls to run at large within the corporate limits, except in enclosed places on private property.

(Neb. Rev. Stat. §17-547)

SECTION 3-303: ENCLOSURES

All pens, cages, sheds, yards, or any other areas or enclosures for the confinement of animals and fowls not specifically barred within the corporate limits shall be kept in a clean and orderly manner so as not to become a menace or nuisance to the neighborhood in which the said enclosure is located.

SECTION 3-304: RABIES SUSPECTED; CAPTURE IMPOSSIBLE

The animal control authority as defined in Article 2 herein shall have the authority to destroy any animal showing vicious tendencies or characteristics of rabies which make

Article 4 – Nuisances

(Ord. No. 439, 6/13/91) (Am. by Ord. Nos. 519, 5/11/95; 569, 5/8/97; 704, 7/14/05)

SECTION 3-401: PUBLIC NUISANCES PROHIBITED

It shall be the duty of every owner, occupant, lessee, or mortgagee of real estate in the city to keep such real estate free of public nuisances. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §17-207, 18-1720)

SECTION 3-402: WEEDS, GRASSES AND LITTER; DEFINITIONS

A. The terms "weeds, grasses or worthless vegetation" shall mean any weed or grass growth of more than 12 inches in height. Weeds shall include, but not be limited to, bindweed, puncture vine, leafy spurge, Canada thistle, perennial peppergrass, Russian knapweed, Johnson grass, nodding or musk thistle, quack grass, perennial sow thistle, horse nettle, bull thistle, buckthorn, hemp plant and ragweed.

- B. The term "litter" shall include, but not be limited to:
 - 1. Trash, rubbish, refuse, garbage, paper, rags and ashes;
 - 2. Wood, plaster, cement, brick or stone building rubble;
 - 3. Offal and dead animals or any foul, decaying, or rotting substance, including stagnant water.
 - 4. Any machine, vehicle, or parts of a machine or vehicle which have lost their identity, character, utility or serviceability as such through deterioration, dismantling or the ravages of time, are inoperative or unable to perform their intended functions, or are cast off, discarded or thrown away or left as waste, wreckage or junk;
 - 5. Any motor vehicle without a current license and not housed in a storage or other building;
 - 6. Any wood or tree limbs not cut and stacked in neat rows on an area not exceeding 10 feet by 16 feet.
 - 7. Debris from burned or damaged buildings, whether created by consensual burning or demolition or whether occurring due to fire or age.

SECTION 3-403: WEEDS OR GRASSES; PUBLIC NUISANCE

It is hereby declared to be a public nuisance to permit grasses or weeds to grow in excess of 12 inches on any property within the corporate limits of the city.

SECTION 3-404: LITTER; PUBLIC NUISANCE; EXCEPTIONS

- A. It is hereby declared to be a public nuisance to permit the accumulation of litter on any property within the corporate limits, except as provided in subsections (B) and (C) herein.
- B. It shall be unlawful for any person to keep on, in or about any place within the City any dismantled or wrecked vehicles as such terms are defined in this Article unless such vehicle and all parts thereof are kept in a completely enclosed building or are screened from public view by natural or other means, provided that such screened-off area does not otherwise violate any provision of the municipal code. It is further provided that the prohibition against vehicle storage herein set forth shall not apply on any premises within the city properly zoned for such use. (Ord. No. 569, 5/8/97)
- C. No person in charge or control of any property within the city, other than city property, whether as owner, tenant, occupant, lessee, or otherwise, shall allow any partially dismantled, inoperable, wrecked, junked, or discarded vehicle to remain on such property longer than 30 days. No unlicensed vehicle shall be permitted to remain on any private or public property for any length of time; provided, this section shall not apply to a vehicle in an enclosed building or to a vehicle in an appropriate storage place or depository maintained in a lawful place and manner by the city. Any vehicle allowed to remain on property in violation of this section shall constitute a nuisance and shall be abated, and any person violating this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. (Ord. No. 570, 5/8/97)

SECTION 3-405: WEEDS, GRASSES AND LITTER; NOTICE OF NONCOMPLIANCE

- A. Whenever the City Council determines that any grasses or weeds in excess of 12 inches are growing on property within the city or litter is found on any property, notice to abate and remove such nuisance shall be given by the city clerk as follows: (1) to each owner or owner's duly authorized agent by certified mail, which shall be conspicuously marked as to its importance; and (2) to the occupant, if any, by personal service by a city police officer or county sheriff or deputy. Unsafe buildings as defined in Section 3-408 are excepted from the provisions of this section; abatement of unsafe buildings is provided in Sections 3-409 through 3-416.
- B. Within five days after receipt of such notice, the owner or occupant of the lot or piece of ground may request a hearing with the city to appeal the decision to abate or remove the nuisance by filing a written appeal with the city clerk. A hearing on the appeal shall be held within 14 days after the filing of the appeal and shall be conducted by the mayor as hearing officer, who shall render a decision on the appeal within five business days after the conclusion of the hearing. If the appeal fails, the city may have such work done unless such decision is appealed to the District Court. The hearing shall be conducted according to the provisions set forth in Section 3-413(B) hereafter except the hearing shall be conducted by the mayor instead of the City Council.
- C. Within five days after receipt of such notice, if the owner or occupant of the lot or piece of ground does not request a hearing with the city or fails to comply with the order to abate and remove the nuisance, the city may have such work done. The costs and expenses of any such work shall be paid by the owner. If unpaid for two months after such work is done, the city may either (1) levy and assess the costs and expenses of the work upon the lot or piece of ground so benefited in the same manner as other spe-

cial taxes for improvements are levied and assessed or (2) recover in a civil action the costs and expenses of the work upon the lot or piece of ground and the adjoining streets and allevs.

(Neb. Rev. Stat. §17-563) (Ord. No. 569, 5/8/97)

SECTION 3-406: WEEDS, GRASSES AND LITTER; FAILURE TO CORRECT; FINE

In the event that the owner or occupant of said premises fails to correct and eliminate said nuisance pursuant to the notice to correct, he or she shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and fined in a sum of not more than \$500.00. Each day's violation after the expiration of the five business days' notice shall be a separate offense.

SECTION 3-407: WEEDS, GRASSES AND LITTER; COST ASSESSED TO PROPERTY

In addition to filing a complaint for violation of this article, the city may cause the work to be done to abate the nuisance and assess the cost of the same against the property. In this event, however, the city shall comply with the notice and hearing requirements set forth in Sections 3-412, 3-413 and 3-414 set forth hereafter.

SECTION 3-408: DANGEROUS BUILDINGS; DEFINITIONS

Any buildings or structures which have any or all of the following defects are hereby declared to be unsafe or dangerous buildings or structures and a public nuisance:

- A. Those having walls or other vertical structural members that list, lean or buckle to such an extent that a plumb line passing through the center of gravity falls outside the middle third of its base;
- B. Those showing 33% or more of damage or deterioration of the supporting member or members, exclusive of the foundation;
- C. Those with improperly distributed loads upon floors or roofs or in which the same are overloaded or which have insufficient strength to be reasonably safe for the purpose used;
- D. Those damaged by fire, wind, or other causes so as to have become dangerous to life, safety or the general health and welfare of the occupants of the people of the city;
- E. Those which have become dilapidated, decayed, unsafe, unsanitary, or which so utterly fail to provide the amenities essential to decent living that they are unfit for human habitation or are likely to cause sickness or disease, so as to work injury to the health, morals, safety, or general welfare of those living therein;
- F. Those having light, air and sanitation facilities which are inadequate to protect the health, safety, or general welfare of human beings who live or may live therein;
- G. Those having inadequate facilities for egress in the case of fire or panic, or those having insufficient stairways, elevators, fire escapes, or other means of communication;

- H. Those having parts thereof which are so attached that they may fall and injure persons or property;
- I. Those that are unsafe, unsanitary, or dangerous to the health, safety, or general welfare of the people of the city because of their condition;
- J. Those having been inspected by a specially appointed building inspector or a professional engineer appointed by the city which are, after inspection, deemed to be structurally unsafe or unsound as found by the inspection of such building inspector or professional engineer;
- K. Those existing in violation of any provision of this article, any provision of the Fire Prevention Code, any provision of the county health rules and regulations or other applicable provisions of the ordinances of the city.

SECTION 3-409: DANGEROUS BUILDINGS; STANDARDS

The following standards shall be followed in substance in determining whether the structure or building should be repaired, vacated, or demolished:

- A. If the unsafe or dangerous building or structure can reasonably be repaired so that it will no longer exist in violation of any of the terms or provisions of this article, it shall be ordered to be repaired.
- B. If the unsafe or dangerous building is in such condition as to make it dangerous to the health, morals, safety, or general welfare of its occupants, it shall be ordered to be vacated.
- C. In any case where an unsafe or dangerous building or structure cannot be repaired so that it will no longer exist in violation of the terms or provisions of this article, it shall be demolished. In all cases where the unsafe or dangerous building is a fire hazard existing or erected in violation of the applicable fire codes and regulations, or any other provision of an ordinance of this city, or statute of the state, it shall be demolished.

SECTION 3-410: DANGEROUS BUILDINGS; PUBLIC NUISANCE

All unsafe or dangerous buildings or structures within the terms of this article are hereby declared to be nuisances and shall be repaired, vacated, or demolished as provided above.

SECTION 3-411: DANGEROUS BUILDINGS; BUILDING INSPECTOR

The City Council may appoint a special building inspector or professional engineer who shall, at the direction of the council:

- A. Inspect any building, wall, or structure about which complaints are filed by any person to the effect that a building, wall, or structure is or may be existing in a dangerous or unsafe manner;
- B. Inspect any building or structure within the jurisdictional area of the city for the purpose of determining whether any conditions exist which render such place a danger-

ous or unsafe building or structure within the terms of this article;

- C. Report to the City Council the results of the inspection;
- D. Appear at all hearings and testify as to the condition of the unsafe or dangerous building or structure.

SECTION 3-412: DANGEROUS BUILDINGS; NUISANCE; PROCEDURE

If the special building inspector or professional engineer designated by the City Council finds that a building or structure is unsafe or dangerous and a nuisance, the council shall:

- A. Notify the owner, occupant, lessee, mortgagee, agent or other persons having an interest in the building or structure that it has been found to be an unsafe or dangerous building. The notice will indicate whether the owner must vacate, repair or demolish the building or structure and shall be delivered to the persons as heretofore described by personal service or certified mail. If notice by personal service or certified mail is unsuccessful, notice shall be given by publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the city or by conspicuously posting the notice on the lot or ground upon which the nuisance is to be abated or removed. In any case, notice shall be posted upon such premises as a procedural step herein, as described in subsection (C) below.
- B. Set forth in the notice a description of the building or structure deemed unsafe or dangerous, accompanied by a statement of the particulars which make the building or structure unsafe or dangerous and an order requiring the same to be put in such condition as to comply with the terms of this article within such length of time, not exceeding 30 days, as is reasonable;
- C. Direct the special building inspector to place a sign on the building or structure found to be unsafe or dangerous on its exterior near the main entrance which shall set forth that the building or structure is unsafe or dangerous for occupancy and use.

SECTION 3-413: DANGEROUS BUILDINGS; DISPUTES

- A. In the event that the owner, occupant, lessee, mortgagee, agent or other person having an interest in the building or structure determined dangerous, disagrees with or disputes the information contained in the notice, such person shall notify the city clerk with a written statement that sets forth the reasons for the disagreement or dispute and the relief requested. This written request shall be made within 14 days of mailing of the notice. If written notice is received by the city clerk within 14 days, a hearing shall be held before the City Council at its next regularly scheduled monthly meeting. The clerk shall notify the person requesting the hearing, in writing, of the time, place, and date of the regular monthly meeting and shall place the name of the person on the agenda of such meeting.
- B. The hearing before the City Council shall be informal and not governed by the Nebraska Rules of Evidence. Such hearing shall be quasi-judicial in nature and its decision shall be based on the evidence presented at the hearing. The person requesting the hearing may be represented by legal counsel or other representative, may present witnesses and offer evidence, and may examine and copy, at his or her own expense, and not less than three business days before the hearing, the records of the city regard-

ing the inspection and notice. The City Council need not make a written finding of fact and may make its pronouncement orally at the hearing. The decision of the council shall be final unless appealed. Failure of the person to attend the hearing shall relieve the council of any further procedures before action is taken as set forth in a notice.

SECTION 3-414: DANGEROUS BUILDINGS; APPEAL

Any person aggrieved by the decision of the City Council may appeal the decision to the District Court. This appeal shall and must be taken within 30 days of the pronouncement of the council's decision.

SECTION 3-415: DANGEROUS BUILDINGS; FAILURE TO COMPLY

In case any owner, occupant, lessee, mortgagee, agent or other person having an interest in the building or structure shall fail, neglect, or refuse to comply with the notice by or on behalf of the city to repair, rehabilitate or demolish and remove a building or structure which is unsafe or dangerous and a public nuisance, or shall fail to comply with the notice to abate grasses, weeds or litter, the city may proceed with the work specified in the notice to the property owner. A statement of the cost of such work shall be transmitted to the City Council, which is authorized to levy the cost as a special assessment against the property. Such special assessment shall be a lien on the real estate and shall be collected in the manner provided for special assessments under Nebraska statutes. In addition the city may bring a civil action against the offending party to recover the cost of the work.

SECTION 3-416: DANGEROUS BUILDINGS; IMMEDIATE HAZARD

In the event the building constitutes an immediate hazard to the life or safety of any persons and must be demolished to protect their health or safety, a specially appointed building inspector or a professional engineer designated by the City Council shall report such facts to the council, which shall follow the procedures set forth in state statutes. The city, by and through the City Council, may immediately contract for the immediate demolition of the unsafe or dangerous building without requiring bids. The cost of such emergency vacation and demolition of unsafe or dangerous buildings or structures shall be levied, equalized, and assessed, as are other special assessments.

SECTION 3-417: JURISDICTION

The mayor and city police are directed to enforce this city code against all nuisances. The jurisdiction of the mayor, city police, and court shall extend to, and the territorial application of this chapter shall include, all territory adjacent to the limits of the city within one mile thereof and all territory within the corporate limits. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §18-1720)

SECTION 3-418: PROCEDURES IN CASE OF EMERGENCY

When the conditions which constitute the nuisance pose an immediate threat to the public peace, health, or safety, the mayor or the city police may order the nuisance abated immediately.

SECTION 3-419: ADJOINING LAND OWNERS; INTERVENTION BEFORE TRIAL

In cases of appeal from an action of the City Council condemning real property as a

nuisance or as dangerous under the police powers of the city, the owners of the adjoining property may intervene in the action at any time before trial. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §19-710)

Article 5 – Sexual Predators

(Ord. No. 721, 6/8/06)

SECTION 3-501: DEFINITIONS

For purposes of this ordinance:

"Child care facility" means a facility licensed pursuant to the Child Care Licensing Act;

"Reside" means to sleep, live, or dwell at a place, which may include more than one location and may be mobile or transitory;

"Residence" means a place where an individual sleeps, lives, or dwells, which may include more than one location, and may be mobile or transitory;

"School" means a public, private, denominational, or parochial school which meets the requirements for state accreditation or approval;

"Sex offender" means an individual who has been convicted of a crime listed in Nebr. Rev. Stat. §29-4003 and who is required to register as a sex offender pursuant to the Sex Offender Registration Act; and

"Sexual predator" means an individual required to register under the Sex Offender Registration Act, who has committed an aggravated offense as defined in Neb. Rev. Stat. §29-4001.01 and who has victimized a person 18 years of age or younger. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §29-4016)

SECTION 3-502: RESIDENCY RESTRICTIONS

It is unlawful for any sexual predator to reside within 500 feet from a school or child care facility. For purposes of determining the minimum distance separation, the distance shall be measured by following a straight line from the outer property line of the residence to the nearest outer boundary line of the school or child care facility. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §29-4017)

SECTION 3-503: EXCEPTIONS

This ordinance shall not apply to a sexual predator who (A) resides within a prison or correctional or treatment facility operated by the state or a political subdivision; (B) established a residence before July 1, 2006, and has not moved from that residence; or (C) established a residence after July 1, 2006, and the school or child care facility triggering the restriction was established after the initial date of the sexual predator's residence at that location. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §29-4017)

Article 6 - Penal Provisions

SECTION 3-601: VIOLATION; PENALTY

Any person who shall violate or refuse to comply with the enforcement of any of the provisions of this chapter, set forth at full length herein or incorporated by reference, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined not more than \$500.00 for each offense. A new violation shall be deemed to have been committed every 24 hours of such failure to comply.

SECTION 3-602: ABATEMENT OF NUISANCE

Whenever a nuisance exists as defined in this chapter, the city may proceed by a suit in equity to enjoin and abate the same in the manner provided by law. Whenever in any action it is established that a nuisance exists, the court may, together with the fine or penalty imposed, enter an order of abatement as a part of the judgment in the case. (Neb. Rev. Stat. §18-1720, 18-1722) (Ord. No. 658, 7/13/00)